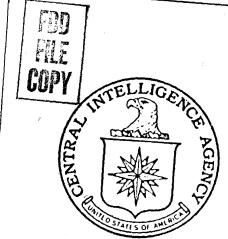
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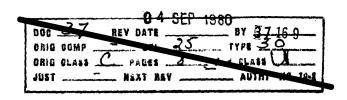
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FOREIGN PRESS BULLETIN

1 AUG 60

Selected news items primarily on the Sino-Soviet Bloc from latest available foreign press



Prepared by

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POLITICAL

HONG KONG OBSERVERS BELIEVE NO INCREASE IN SOVIET-CHINESE COMMUNIST DISPUTE -- Tokyo, Nihon Keizai (PM edition), 11 Jul 60

Hong Kong, 10 July 1960 -- Consensus of opinion of observers in Hong Kong is that the theoretical polemic between the Soviet Union and Communist China regarding the characteristics of imperialist countries will not ultimately result in the disruption of relations between the two countries. They cite the following as reasons.

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- 1. The 24 June 1960 Bucharest Joint Declaration confirmed the peace-ful coexistence line advocated by the Soviet Union; a compromise was effected between the Soviet Union and Communist China on a concrete method of pursuing this line.
- 2. The Soviet Union-Communist China theoretical dispute is merely tactical.
- 3. Communist China is still dependent economically on the Soviet Union; it needs Soviet machinery and technical aid to expand and modernize industrial facilities.
- 4. Leaders of both countries know the disadvantageous effect on socialist countries if a split occurs during the present cold-war phase between the capitalist and socialist-Communist countries. -- Aoki, Nihon Keizal Special Correspondent

DELEGATES TO TOKYO SIXTH WORLD CONFERENCE AGAINST ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMBS -- Tokyo, Akahata, 13 Jul 60

CPYRGHT

On 12 July 1960, the Japan Council Against Atomic and Hydrogen Bomb (Gensuikyo) announced that about 100 foreign delegates are expected to attend the Sixth World Conference Against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs in Tokyo from 2 to 9 August 1960. The delegates slated to attend from Communist Bloc countries are: Korea -- Han Sor-ya, chairman of the Korean National Peace Committee; Ch'oe Ki-ch'ol, vice-chairman of the Korean

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National Peace Committee; and Pak Hyong-song, director of the education and culture department of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea; East Germany -- Prof Herbert Gute, mayor of Dresden; Mme Lydia Poser, member of the People's Chamber; Werner Steinberg, author; and Fred Beche, journalist; and Poland -- Tadeusz Strzalkowski, secretary of the Polish Peace Committee. An unspecified number of delegates are also expected to arrive from the USSR, Communist China, Mongolia, North Vietnam, Hungary, Rumania, and Bulgaria.

The delegates from international Communist front organizations planning to attend are: World Peace Council -- Paul Robeson and Prof John Bernal, president of the World Peace Council; and Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee -- Yusuf Siba'i, secretary-general of the Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee. An undisclosed number of delegates are also expected to attend from the World Federation of Trade Unions, Women's International Democratic Federation, International Organization of Journalists, and World Federation of Democratic Youth.

From the nonbloc countries, 15 are scheduled to attend from Australia, 6 from India, 5 each from Canada and the US, 2 each from England, Ghana, and Indonesia, and one each from Argentina, Algeria, Cameroon, West Germany, Guinea, Kenya, Morocco, and New Zealand. The five US delegates slated to attend the conference are Stephen Fitzsimmons, Minister of the First Unitarian Church of Los Angeles; Dr Earle Reynold and his son Theodore Reynold; and Karl Yoneda of the International Longshoreman's Union and his wife.

BULGARIAN PARAMILITARY ORGANIZATIONS TO COORDINATE ACTIVITIES WITH COM-MITTEE FOR BULGARIAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP -- Sofia, Bulgaro-Suvetska Druzhba, No 9, 1960, p 15

By a resolution at the Plenum of the All-People's Committee for

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Bulgarian-Soviet Friendship on 28 December 1959, a constituent assembly of the committee was called on 9 April 1960 to create a new section to unify the activities of the Bulgarian Union for Physical Culture and Sports, the Voluntary Organization for Defense Assistance, the Bulgarian Tourist Union, the People's Hunting and Fishing Union, and the Military Section of the Union of Scientific Workers with those of the Committee for Bulgarian-Soviet Friendship. The new section, to be known as the Physical Culture and Sports Section under the All-People's Committee for Bulgarian-Soviet Friendship and to be headed by Reserve Generalleytenant Krum Lekarski, will be able to utilize assistance from the Society for Soviet-Bulgarian Friendship in Moscow and its branches in other Soviet republics.

ECONOMIC

MAGNITUDE OF EAST GERMAN LICENSE PAYMENTS TO WESTERN COUNTRIES REVEALED -- Berlin, Die Wirtschaft, No 27, 7 Jul 60

CPYRGHT

In 1960 the GDR will have to pay license fees to capitalist countries amounting to 18 million foreign exchange marks. However, the GDR receives only an insignificant amount from licenses granted to those countries. An increase in the granting of licenses by the GDR is one means by which the foreign exchange situation can be improved.

Comment: This information, contained in a general account on the results of the recent Foreign Trade Conference, reveals a balance of payment detail which is not usually published.

USSR PLANS TO BUILD GAS LINE IN FAR NORTH REGION OF SIBERIA -- Moscow, Trud, 16 Jun 60

CPYRGHT

The Soviet Union plans to lay a gas line about 400 kilometers long over permafrost ground in the Far North during the Seven-Year Plan. The line will connect Yakutsk, the capital of the Yakutskaya ASSR, Pokrovsk, a brick-producing center, and the nearby villages of Bestyakh, Zhatay, Markha, and Tabaga with a huge natural gas deposit of more than 21 billion cubic meters that has been discovered in an area near the mouth of the Vilyuy River.

SOCIOLOGICAL

CHINESE FOREIGN-LANGUAGE INSTITUTE BEGINS NEW SYSTEM OF TEACHING ENGLISH -- Peiping, Kuang-ming Jih-pao, 4 Jul 60, p 2

CPYRGHT

To fulfill the English requirements as set forth by the advanced workers at the National Conference of Outstanding Groups and Heroes in Education, the English Department of the Peking Foreign Language Institute recently established a new system of teaching English. The institute is using practical means to enhance its teaching efficiency by the extensive use of electronic teaching aids for listening, speaking, writing, reading, enunciation, and translation. This system has been in effect since the beginning of the semester and thus far has produced good results. The system has speeded up the schedule for completing a normal 5-year English course. A student will be able to acquire a good English background in 2 years instead the usual 3 years. At the end of 3 years, a student in English will have the speaking and writing ability equivalent to a 5-year graduate. Likewise, a 5-year graduate will have the qualification of an English research student graduate.

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Reports on political situations, new personalities and events in the leap forward movement, local and foreign newspaper reports, episodes of comrades and heroes, Mao's newspaper commentaries, etc. are being used as teaching materials which are translated into English for classroom recitation. The new teaching system stresses listening, speaking and writing of English and a method of general reading by scanning instead of detailed reading.

BULGARIAN WRITERS UNION ELECTS NEW OFFICERS -- Sofia, Literaturen Front, 14 Jul 60

The annual accountability and election meeting of the Union of Bulgarian Writers, which was held 8 July 1960 in Sofia, elected a new presidium and control council. The following are members of the new presidium: Angel Karaliychev, Angel Todorov, Andrey Gulyashki, Anna Kamenova, Asen Bosev, Boyan Balabanov, Veselin Andreev, Georgi Karaslavov, Georgi D. Goshkin, Georgi Tsanev, Slavcho Vasev, G'oncho Belev, Dimitur Dimov, Dimitur Metodiev, Dimitur Talev, Dora Gabe, Elisaveta Bagryana, Emil Manov, Ivan Ruzh, Kamen Zidarov, Kamen Kalchev, Stoyan Karolev, Krum Grigorov, Lamar, Lozan Strelkov, Lyudmil Stoyanov, Marko Marchevski, Mladen Isaev, Nikola Lankov, Pavel Matev, Pencho Danchev, Petur Dinekov, and Khristo Radevski.

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The Control Council consists of Armand Barukh, Dimitur Khadzhiliev, Ivan Zhakhar, Krum Vulkov, and Pelin Velkov.

At its first session on 11 July 1960, the newly elected presidium elected the following secretariat: Georgi Karaslavov (chief secretary), Angel Todorov, Andrey Gulyashki, Georgi Dimitrov Goshkin, and Pavel Matev.

MILITARY

PLA OFFICERS AND CADRES JOIN LOWER ECHELON FOR FAMILIARIZATION TRAINING -- Peiping, Jen-min Jih-pao, 13 Jul 60, p 4

CPYRGHT

PLA (People's Liberation Army) units in the Peiping area recently initiated a movement of having all its commanding officers and organizational cadres join their company or other lower echelons for familiarization training. On 5 July 1960, Col Gen Yang Yung (formerly, commander in chief of CPV / Chinese People's Volunteer forces in Korea), now commanding general of PLA units in the Peiping area, personally led more than 120 organizational cadres to join the company ranks. According to incomplete figures, from mid-May to the end of June 1960, more than 8,800 officers and cadres have already joined the lower echelon. The main objective this time for officers and cadres going to the company is

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actually to help resolve the basic problems in the company ranks. It is hoped this can be accomplished by setting up an "experimental" program based on the influence and leadership of the commanding officer who is known for his ability to organize and plan with a definite objective in mind.

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL

SOVIETS TEST NEW PREPARATION FOR COTTON DEFOLIATION -- Tashkent, Pravda Vostoka, 18 Jun 60

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Calcium chlorate-chloride is a new preparation for cotton defoliation. About 25-30 kilograms of the preparation are needed per hectare. It has been tested for a number of years by kolkhozes and sovkhozes of Tashkentskaya Oblast and has been found superior to magnesium chlorate, the preparation now used, and costs less than half as much.

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